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GERMANS UNABLE TO HOLD GROUND ALONG COAST

In the North Belgian Army Has Held Its Ground Against Enemy

ALONG MEUSE GERMANS HAVE BEEN REPULSED

Invaders are Attempting Not Only to Advance Along the Coast, but Have Attacked the Allies at Many Points From the Extreme North to the Heights of Meuse on the South—Rotterdam Despatch Says Marines are Leaving Antwerp to Join the Fleet at Kiel, Where Warships Have Been Extensively Provisioned—No Change in Situation in East Prussia—Pekin Reports That Japanese Have Lost Several Thousand Men in Campaign Against German Concession in China—500,000 Wounded Soldiers in France.

The Germans are attempting not only to advance along the coast of the North Sea to the French ports, but have attacked the allies at many points from the extreme north to the heights of the Meuse to the south, on the battle front.

Belgian Army Holds Its Ground.
In the north the Belgian army has held its ground with remarkable tenacity, while at La Bassée, around Arras, between Peronne and Albert, to the east of the Argonne and along the Meuse, the German offensive tactics have been repulsed. This is the substance of the French official report and in a measure it is in agreement with the Berlin official report.

Berlin View of Situation.
Berlin official reports which, while not attempting any detailed description of the battle, declares that the German forces have met with strong opposition at the River Yser, where the fighting has continued since Sunday, but that otherwise the situation is rather favorable to German arms, particularly in the vicinity of Lille, at which point the French have been attacking for several days with desperate ardor and in a measure it is in agreement with the Berlin official report.

German Guns Near Ostend.
Thirty thousand Germans are reported to have occupied the coast between Ostend and Zeebrugge, and have dug trenches along the dykes from Middelkerke to Westende, but later advisers declare that they have been repulsed, and the latter town, which their guns are now near Ostend, which town they still occupy.

No Change in East Prussia.
The Russian commander-in-chief announces tersely that there is no change in the situation, although the Russians are in contact with the enemy at various points in Galicia and East Prussia. This, the Berlin official is in agreement.

Provisionary German Fleet.
A Rotterdam despatch says that the German marines are leaving Antwerp to join the fleet and that the ships at Kiel have been extensively provisioned, portending possible activity on the part of the German navy, which has been for the past two months at anchor in Germany's well protected harbors.

Vienna Reports Austrian Successes.
Vienna officially reports Austrian successes in Galicia, east of Chyrow and Przemyśl, and adds that the German forces have repulsed a great cavalry attack in Poland.

Japs Occupy Important Island.
Japan announces the occupation for military purposes of important islands in the Marianne, Marshall, East Caroline and West Caroline archipelagos. All the Marianne group have been occupied with the exception of Guam, which was acquired by the United States in 1898 in accordance with the terms of the treaty terminating the Spanish-American war.

Several Thousand Japs Killed.
Peking despatches report on the authority of refugees from Tsing-Tau that the Japanese have lost several thousand men in their campaign against the German concession in China.

2,000,000 Belgian Refugees.
It is estimated that there are not less than 2,000,000 Belgian refugees in the borders of their own country, and there are at least 500,000 wounded in France. According to a Rotterdam despatch, three Zepplins are being built at Antwerp. If this is true, it may be the preliminary to the threatened air raid on England across the channel.

GERMANS REPULSED ALONG ENTIRE LINE
Paris Reports That Offensive Movement of Enemy Has Been Nipped.

Paris, Oct. 20, 11:30 p. m.—The French official news tonight says that the Germans during the day made attacks along the entire front and everywhere were repulsed. The text follows:

"The day has been characterized by an effort on the part of the Germans along all parts of the front to the extreme north, where the Belgian army has held remarkably; at La Bassée, where the German troops have attempted an offensive movement of particular violence; to the north of Arras; at Mamez, between Peronne and Albert; at Valenciennes, to the east of Arras; and finally on the heights of the Meuse and in the region of Chyrow."

"Everywhere the German attacks have been repulsed."

VICTORIES ANNOUNCED
AUSTRIAN VICTORIES

Says Russians are Being Repulsed on Various Fields of Battle.

Amsterdam, Oct. 20, via London, 5:42 p. m.—An Austrian official announce-

ment given out at Vienna October 19, says:

"The battles yesterday to the east of Chyrow and Przemyśl (both in Galicia) again were very successful for the Austrians. The fighting near Mynyniec was especially severe."

"The Magiera Heights, which had been in the possession of the Russians and which formed a great barrier to our advance, have been now occupied by the Austrians after a formidable bombardment by their artillery."

"North of Mynyniec our troops advanced close to the enemy. The Russian attacks on the east of Przemyśl to Medyka Heights on the southern wing of the battlefield, which were especially directed against the heights to the southwest of Stry and Samhor, were repulsed."

"In the Stry and Slica valleys our troops are advancing. A fresh attack of the Russians on our troops in the east bank of the river near Jaroslau (Galicia) has been repulsed."

"In Russian Poland the German and Austrian cavalry repulsed the west of Warsaw was a great Russian cavalry attack."

PORTUGAL SENDS TROOPS TO MOZAMBIQUE
In West Africa and Ungala in East Africa, to Suppress Revolts

London, Oct. 20, 9:52 p. m.—The following dispatch was received here tonight from Berlin by the Marconi Wireless company:

"On September 12 Portuguese troops left Sagahala and Mozambique. Portuguese possessions in West and East Africa, respectively. Each of these forces consisted of one battalion of infantry, one squadron of cavalry, one battery of mounted artillery, one battery of machine guns and an ambulance staff. Each force aggregated approximately 10,000 men."

"Great Britain's appeal to Portugal for help reveals the chaotic situation which exists in South Africa. The revolts in India are raising confidence in Germany. According to Constantinople reports, England has transferred three active battalions from Malta to India."

PEKING REPORTS JAPS HAVE LOST SEVERAL THOUSAND
Before Tsing-Tau—German Loss Placed at Several Hundred.

Peking, China, Oct. 21, 4:05 a. m.—Refugees who have come out of Tsing-Tau, the fortified position in the German possession in Shantung province, are authority for the statement that approximately 10,000 men and two machine gun companies, have left Tsing-Tau, while the casualties of the Germans did not amount to more than several hundred men.

Reliable information obtained in Peking is to the effect that a British detachment sustained a number of casualties while crossing land that had been mined by the Germans in Kia-Chow.

Arrivals at the Chinese capital from Siberia say that Russian troop trains are travelling westward over the trans-Siberian Railway hourly.

BRITISH STEAMER SUNK OFF COAST OF NORWAY
By German Submarine—Crew Ordered Into Boats and Valves Opened

London, Oct. 21, 12:45 p. m.—A dispatch to Reuters Telegram company from Stavanger, Norway, says that the British steamer Giltera of Leth, was sunk today twelve miles off the Norwegian coast by a German submarine. The crew of the steamer were ordered into the boats and the valves were opened.

The name of the steamer Giltera does not appear in any available maritime registers.

Germans Entrenched Between Ostend and Nieuport.

Amsterdam, via London, Oct. 20, 10:50 p. m.—The Telegram today publishes a despatch concerning the fighting October 18, in which the correspondents say that 30,000 Germans occupied the coast between Ostend and Nieuport and dug trenches along the dykes from Middelkerke to Westende.

Drops Investigation of Capt. Coleman
Washington, Oct. 20.—Secretary Garrison today dropped his investigation of an interview attributed to Captain Leverett Coleman, U. S. A., in which the German army was criticized.

Captain Coleman acknowledged his recent return from Europe but denied commenting on alleged atrocities by German soldiers.

Cabled Paragraphs

Half a Million Wounded in France. London, Oct. 20, 7:45 p. m.—The League of Nations has established six Anglo-French hospitals in France, declared today that the number of wounded in France is estimated at half a million, but that the ground that the French army, Dr. Guenet, says German soldiers treated in French hospitals are much more badly wounded than are French and British soldiers.

WAR AFFECTS ALL INDUSTRIES AS MUCH AS
Contention of Counsel for Shippers in Railroad Freight Rate Hearing.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Counsel for shippers and shippers' associations took the position before the Interstate Commerce Commission today that no condition of the European war as a result of the European war or any other cause, they do not equally affect every other American industry. This contention was the basis for rigid cross examination of witnesses called before the commission by the eastern railroads to support their petition for relief through a general increase of at least five percent in freight rates.

Members of the commission, all of whom were present with the exception of Chairman Harlan, frequently questioned witnesses closely. The attacks of Special Counsel Brandeis on the policy of the railroads of maintaining their dividends without respect to the financial straits in which they now profess to find themselves, received special attention from Commissioner Meyer. Questioning both Daniel E. Willard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and Frederick W. Straus of the New York Banking House of W. and J. Seligman, Mr. Meyer asked if stockholders should be permitted to receive dividends in part in the improvements of the properties and part in cash. Both witnesses insisted that reduction of dividend would impair credit of the lines.

ZAPATA TO ATTEND PEACE CONVENTION
Many Protests are Being Filed Against Alleged Outrages of Villa's Troops.

Mexico City, Oct. 20.—General Zapata will personally attend the constitutional peace convention, now in session at Aguascalientes, arriving there at the end of the present week. All action looking towards the draft of a new constitution, the formation of a provisional government will be suspended until his arrival.

Many protests are being filed because of alleged outrages committed by General Villa's soldiers, who are said to be holding up delegates at the point of the pistol and demanding that they about "Long live Villa."

A protest also has been made that the neutrality of the convention is being violated by the presence of 15,000 troops within an hour's ride of the city of Aguascalientes. The soldiers are said to be under the command of General Villa's command.

A resolution was passed today absolutely forbidding recruiting on either side while the peace conference is in session.

AMERICAN IN LONDON TRIED FOR MANSLAUGHTER
Charged with Causing Death of Miss Kate Scott by Administration of Drug.

London, Oct. 20, 6 p. m.—Considerable interest has been aroused by the trial at the Old Bailey police court, today, of Edgar Miller, an American, charged with manslaughter, the police alleging that he caused the death of Miss Kate Scott at Miller's Institute at Isleworth last June by the administration of a drug.

William Willox, a Home Office expert, today testified as to the dangerous character of the drug and declared that it was quite unsuitable for Miss Scott's ailments.

Miller, testifying in his own behalf, said he had been given charge of delirium cases in Chicago by the Cook County Hospital and had been very successful in bringing about a cure. His method of treatment, he said, had been fully recognized by many physicians. An American physician declared that he came to England from the United States on invitation of the Duke and Duchess of Manchester.

GOT A \$5000 A YEAR JOB THROUGH AN ADVERTISEMENT
That's How Mayor Mitchell of New York Secured a Third Deputy Commissioner of Charities.

New York, Oct. 20.—Mayor Mitchell appointed to a \$5,000 city job today a man whose services he obtained through an advertisement in the newspapers. The office is that of third deputy commissioner of charities and the new incumbent, preferred above a dozen politicians, who had been seeking the place, George G. Thompson, who answered the advertisement in the "Help Wanted" column.

"Wanted—Business manager, 35 to 45 years of age; able to superintend large office of employees; direct extensive construction work; organize direct purchasing and distribution of enormous quantity of supplies; only men of marked executive ability and good experience need apply; salary \$5,000 a year; highest reference required."

Three hundred replies were received. None of the applicants knew that Mayor Mitchell was the advertiser.

MEAT PACKERS WORKING NIGHT AND DAY
To Fill European War Orders—3,000 Extra Men Put on at Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—For the first time in sixteen years the meat packers at Chicago stock yards are working day and night in the canned meat and hide departments in order to fill orders. The unusual activity has been caused by the large orders received as a result of the European war. In the canning departments of the big packers alone 3,000 extra men have been put to work within a week in order to operate the plants at their fullest capacity.

Gould Retires as Director of D. & R. G.
Denver, Colo., Oct. 20.—Edwin Gould retired as a director of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Company today. The unusual activity has been caused by the large orders received as a result of the European war. In the canning departments of the big packers alone 3,000 extra men have been put to work within a week in order to operate the plants at their fullest capacity.

RUSSIAN SUIT AGAINST FORMER DIRECTORS
Rutland, Vt., Oct. 20.—A suit of minor stockholders of the Rutland Railroad Company against Dr. W. Seaward Webb of New York and other former directors of the railroad was filed today. This suit, which was instituted three years ago, involves a charge that the directors of the Rutland Road were guilty of fraudulent stock transactions and of mismanagement of the road's affairs.

U. S. Far Behind in Aerial Craft
New York, Oct. 20.—Enea Rossi, an officer in the royal Italian navy, attached to the aviation corps, who has been in the United States several weeks, was a passenger on the steamship San Guglielmo sailing today for Naples. He said he been looking over American hydro-aeroplanes but would not say whether he had purchased any for his country. "The United States is far behind in aerial craft," said the Italian officer. In hydroplanes Italy is second only to England."

THEATRE CLOSURE
Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—Argument in the case of the Federal government, which is seeking to break up the United States Steel corporation by separating into independent units all of its subsidiaries, was ground that their combination into the one gigantic concern constituted a violation of the anti-trust laws, was begun here today before four judges sitting in the United States court for the district of New Jersey. Jacob M. Dickinson, former secretary of war, who had been in charge of the government's side of the case since it was instituted, in October, 1911, took up the entire day in presenting the prosecution and will continue tomorrow. The entire week will be consumed by the final arguments of counsel for each side.

Nothing Sensational.
The opening day's argument produced no sensations and there was little brought out that was new. The steel corporation has been under investigation, not only by the department of justice, but by the federal bureau of corporations and congressional committees and much of the testimony dealt with today by Mr. Dickinson has been published in reports and in newspapers.

No Reference to Roosevelt.
Mr. Dickinson made no reference to former President Roosevelt, but in the brief filed by the government it was set out that the representatives of the steel corporation who went to Washington to consult with Mr. Roosevelt over the propriety of purchasing the Tennessee railroad from the New York brokers, had deceived the president as to the amount of stock held by the New York firm.

Carnegie Letter Causes Smile.
One letter that caused a smile to go around and lessened the solemnity of the courtroom was one written by Andrew Carnegie, president of the steel corporation, in 1898. It appears that Mr. Carnegie's company, with the Illinois Steel and other concerns, was in the course of its operations had written a letter to his company, which appeared on the minutes, stating that the Illinois company was 50,000 tons of steel in proportion to the steel rail business and that it was bad policy to allow the Carnegie company's proportion of orders to fall below that of others.

Advice Carnegie Gave.
At another time, when competition was brisk before the day of the steel corporation and there was a scramble among manufacturers for business, Mr. Carnegie wrote to his partners: "If I were a man, I would make no dividends upon common stock, save all surplus and spent it for a hoop and cotton for the mill, for wire and nail mills, for the mills, for lines of boats upon the lakes for our manufactured articles and bring back scrap."

Arguments in Steel Trust Suit

LITTLE BROUGHT OUT YESTERDAY THAT WAS NEW.

AFTER SHOWING HOW \$40,000,000 OR \$50,000,000 COULD BE MADE, HE ADDED "TO WANT MORE WOULD BE WICKED."

TWO CARNEGIE LETTERS
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England to Celebrate Trafalgar Day
Hundreds of Wreaths and Bouquets Bank Admiral Nelson's Monument.

London, Oct. 20, 10:25 p. m.—Tomorrow is Trafalgar day and it will be made the occasion of a great effort to recruit men for the army.

Alfred, duke of Edinburgh, and his wife, Alexandra, have been banked at the base of the Nelson monument in Trafalgar square, where great crowds of people are gathered to witness the ceremony. The wreaths sent by relatives of the officers and men of the British cruiser Pathfinder and other ships recently captured by German submarines, or mines.

In addition to the flowers the entire base of the Nelson monument is encircled by a wreath of laurel, and the words: "Your king and your country need you."

FATAL AUTO ACCIDENT AT WAREHOUSE POINT
One Person Killed and Three Slightly Injured When Car Overturned

Warehouse Point, Oct. 20.—One person was killed and three others escaped with only slight injuries when an automobile overturned on the Springfield road in the southern part of the town tonight. Miss Florence Jackson, colored, a maid employed by Mrs. A. C. Walker of Springfield, was almost instantly killed. Her husband, Mr. Walter Jackson, was seriously injured. The car was skidded into a ditch and then turned turtle. Miss Jackson was caught under the machine, while the others were thrown out into the roadway.

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Condensed Telegrams

The Rev. Monsignor Robert Hugh Benson died in London.

New York University celebrated its 84th anniversary.

A seat on the Philadelphia Stock Exchange was sold for \$3,100.

Up to October 17, 100 vessels had passed through the Panama Canal.

John L. Mason, president of the Chicago Interurban Traction Co., died in Chicago.

Former President Taft paid a 15-minute visit to President Wilson at the White House.

Lieutenant Sir Ernest Shackleton's Antarctic steamer Endurance is cooling at Montevideo.

There has been withdrawal from the Sub-Treasury \$4,000 in gold coin for shipment to Canada.

The death of Gen Julio Argentino Roca, former President of Argentina, is announced at Buenos Ayres.

The budget of the National Guard and Naval Militia for New York county in 1915 is estimated at \$245,615.

All the mines of the St. Joseph & Doe Run Lead Co., at Flat River, Mo., have been closed. About 1,200 men are affected.

President Wilson indicated that he will be unable to attend the 300th anniversary of the founding of New York city on October 25.

The fifth annual convention of the American Manufacturers' Export Association will begin at the Hotel Billmore, New York, October 25.

In recognition of his bravery in making a rescue in the Flat River, Pa., Joseph M. Finnegan has been awarded a Congressional medal.

The "Last Judgment" a painting by Englishman, once the property of the King of France, has been discovered in the art museum at Detroit.

Martin Flahaven, fireman, and Henry Hollisback, brakeman, were killed in a rear-end collision of West Shore freight trains at Little Falls, N. Y.

Contributions amounting to \$3,851 were received by the New York State Board of the American Red Cross, bringing the total amount to \$257,413.

Out of respect for the late James E. Sullivan, no successor to the title of director of athletics for the Pan-American Exposition will be appointed.

The Interstate Commerce Commission called for detailed information on all stock signals and other safety apparatus in use on American railroads.

The liner Cameronia arrived in New York with 1,400 passengers. She had been held up by the British cruiser Sussex off Sandy Hook.

Sir George Paish, financial advisor to the British Government, held a brief conference with President Wilson regarding the international credit situation.

Justice McReynolds, the new associate justice of the Supreme Court, has been assigned to the Seventh Circuit, comprising Illinois, Indiana and Wisconsin.

William Fielder, 60 years old of Brooklyn, was drowned when his launch capsized off Manhattan Beach. His nephew, Harry, 25 years old, was rescued.

A small viral of typhoid culture accidentally broke in the pocket of Wallace Morrison, 18 years old, a student at the University of Missouri and resulted in his death.

A Southern Pacific Railroad train was wrecked near Broussard, La., by bandits who had hoped to rob passengers and the baggage car. Fifteen persons were injured.

The Rev. Dr. Joel F. Bingham, author and writer and father of Gen. Theodore Bingham, formerly commissioner of police in New York, died at Hartford, Conn., aged 87 years.

George P. Cooper, aged about two years, died early yesterday at New Haven from scalds suffered when he pulled a pan of hot water of the stove and over the upper part of his body.

One more murder was added to the list made up from the ranks of black-mallars in Harlem's Little Italy. Nicola del Gaudio, 18 years old, while passing a stable in East 104th street.

David Mitchell, a farmer of Northfield, N. J., is suffering from l